## Coolmay ${ }^{\circledR}$ <br> 自动化方案专家

## FX2NC PLC User Manua

Thank you for choosing Coolmay FX2NC series PLC．This manual mainly explains the features，general specifications and wiring methods of FX2NC series．Detailed programming for
Main features of FX 2 NC series
．Highly integrated and super powered．At most 12DI／12DO，4A／／8AO can be customized is not selected， 2 RS 485 ports can be added to 28 M ； 1 Rs485 can be added to $30 \mathrm{M}, \mathrm{RS} 485$ can
in is not selected， 2 RS485 ports can be added to 28M； 1 Rs 485 can be added to 30 M ，RS485
not be added to 32 M ）
2．Support tigh－speed counting and high－speed pulse．High－speed counting can be added to at most 6 single－phase， $3 \mathrm{AB}(\mathrm{Z}) 10-100 \mathrm{KHH}$ ．High－speed pulse can be added to 4 or $520-200 \mathrm{KHz}$ ．
3．Support special encryption．Setting 12345678 as password can thoroughly prevent the data from
being read． being read．
4．3．5MM plugg

Safety precautions
1．DIN－Rail $(3.5 \mathrm{~mm})$ installation adopted．While handling the screw holes and connecting the wires， do not let the metal particle or wire be
to malfunction and misoperation．
2．Avoid wiring or handling cable plugs with charge which may cause electric shock or damage the
3．On serio
．On seriously interfered occasions，shield cables should be adopted as the I／O cables of
terminal FG being correctly connected can also enhance anti－interference abiifty．
4．The working power supply is DC 24 V ．Do not connect the I／O signal port to AC power source which is baaly da
whiling charging．

## Product information

－Naming rule $\frac{\mathrm{FX} 2 \mathrm{NC}}{(1)}-\frac{12}{(2)} \frac{\mathrm{M}}{(3)}\left(\frac{1}{4}-\frac{4 \mathrm{AD}}{(5)} \frac{2 \mathrm{DA}}{(6)}-\frac{\mathrm{V}}{(7)}-\frac{\mathrm{AO}}{(8)}-\frac{1 C 1}{9}-\frac{1 \mathrm{P}}{10}-\frac{485 / 232}{(11)}\right.$
1．Series：FX2NC
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { 2．I／O：} & \text { 12：} 6 \mathrm{Al} / 6 \mathrm{AO} & \text { 16：8A／／8AO } & 24: 12 \mathrm{Al} / 12 \mathrm{AO} & 28: 14 \mathrm{Al} / 14 \mathrm{AO} & 32: 16 \mathrm{~A} / 16 \mathrm{AO}\end{array}$ 3．Module type：M：Main module E：Extension module
4．DO Type：R：Relay T：Transistor RT：Both relay and transisto
5．Al：At mosto－4 channels can be added
7．Al type：EK：EK thermocouple SR：S－type thermocouple JR：J－type thermocouple

| PT：Pt100 PTO：Pt1000 NTC：thermistor（ $(10 \mathrm{k} / 50 \mathrm{k} / 100 \mathrm{k})$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


9．C1 stand for singe phase 100 k high－speed counting，C2 for 100 KHz AB phase counting， or $3 \mathrm{AB}(\mathrm{Z})$ phase $10-100 \mathrm{KHz}$ can be custom－made．If 6 single phase 10 KHz be made，the model should be 6 C 10 ．
10．P stand for 100 KHz high－speed pulse，P2 stand for 200 KHz high－speed pulse，
11．5PO means 520 KHz ．At most $4100-200 \mathrm{KHz}$ can be added
RS485 cannot be added to 32 M ，others can add only 1 RS485 ports can be added to 28 M ；

## －Basic parameters

| Model | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Swithining } \\ \text { value } \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Analog } \\ \text { (optional) } \end{gathered}$ |  | COM <br> Port$\|$ | High－speed counting |  |  | $\substack{\text { High－speed } \\ \text { pulse }}$ <br> Output | Dimension |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DI |  | AI | AO |  | Single | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline A & B \\ \text { phase } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { ABZ } \\ \text { phase } \end{array}$ |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Overall Size } \\ (m m) \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|c\|l\|l\|l\|} \left(\begin{array}{l} \text { mm}) \end{array}\right. \end{array}$ |
| FX2NC－12M | 6 | 6 | 2 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 90＊＊＊＊32 |  |
| FX2NC－24M | 12 | 12 | 4 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FX2NC－16M | 8 | 8 | N／A |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FX2NC－28M | 14 | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FX2NC－30M | 16 | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FX2NC－32M | 16 | 16 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MT means transi MRT means bo | istor ou |  | ut, the | Max | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oad is } 500 \\ & \text { it is up to } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { mainR } \\ & \text { customen } \end{aligned}$ | means re <br> s． | ay outpu |  | e Max 10 |  |  |


| Diagram2：Electrical parameters |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Electrical Parameters |  |  |
| Input Votage | DC24V |  |
| Digital I Inut Index |  |  |
| Isolation Mode | Photocoupling |  |
| Input Impedance | High－speed input $3.3 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ | Common input $4.3 \Omega$ |
| Input ON | Electric current of high－speed | Electric current of Common input is higher than 3.5 mA |
| Input OFF | Electric current of both is lower than 1.5 mA |  |
| Filter Function | With filter function，the filter time can be set among 0－100ms，defauted as 10 mA |  |
| High－speed Counting | Normally 2 single counting（ $\mathrm{XO} / \mathrm{X} 3$ ）or 2 AB phase counting （X0－X1／X3－X4）10KHz． <br> At most 6 single counting can be customized（ $210-100 \mathrm{KHz}, 45-10 \mathrm{KHz}$ ） <br>  5－10KHz），2ABZ： $5-10 \mathrm{KHz}$ ． |  |
| Common Port | COM connected with negative terminal |  |
| Relay Output Index |  |  |
| Max Current | 5A |  |
| Load Voltage | AC220V，DC24V |  |
| Circuit Insulation | Relay Mechanical Insulation |  |
| ON Respond Time | About 10ms |  |
| Mechanical Life（without load） | 10 million times |  |
| Electrical Life（rated load） | 300 k times |  |
| Output Common Port | COM connected with negative terminal |  |
| Transistor Output Index |  |  |
| Max Current | 500 mA |  |
| Load Voltage | DC24V |  |
| Circuit insulation | Optocoupler Insulation |  |
| Isolation Voltage | 1500VAC |  |
| On Respond Time | High－speed output ：10Hs others：0．5ms |  |
| High－speed output frequency | Y0／Y1／Y6／Y7 Normally $20 \mathrm{Khz}, \mathrm{Y} 10$ can be added while 5 channels be customized，at most $100-200 \mathrm{KHZ}$ |  |
| Output Common Port | COM connected with negative terminal |  |
| Analog Input Index |  |  |
| Input Signal |  |  |
| Respond Time | One scan cycle |  |
| Analog Input Quantity | $0-4$ channels |  |
| Accuracy | 12bit，$\pm 1 \%$（Full scale） |  |
| Analog Output Index |  |  |
| Output Signal | 0－5V／0－10V／0－20mA，other signals can be customized |  |
| Analog Output Quantity | 0 －2channels |  |
| Accuracy | 10bit |  |
| Interface |  |  |
| com Port | 1 Rs422，another one or two Rs485 ports optional |  |
| Environment |  |  |
| Operating Temperature | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}-60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Relative Humidity | 5\％95\％RH |  |
| Storage Temperature | $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Vibrational Frequency | $10-57 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ，amplitude $0.035 \mathrm{~mm} ; 57 \mathrm{~Hz}-150 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ，accelerated speed $4.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ <br> （X，Y，Z 10 times for directions XYZ， 80 min ．in total） |  |

## Mechanical Design Reference

－Cutout size



Diagram 1 Dimension Drawing
diagram ：Cutout Size

|  |  | diagram3 ：Cutout Size |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model | Max points | Overall Size $\mathrm{W}^{*} \mathrm{H}^{*} \mathrm{D}(\mathrm{mm})$ |
| FX2NC－12／16M | 12 points（single－row terminal） | $90^{*} 60^{*} 32$ |
| FX2NC－24M | 24 points（double－row terminal） | $90^{*} 60^{*} 32$ |
| FX2NC－28／30／32M | 32 points（double－row terminal） | $90^{*} 60^{*} 32$ |

## Electrical design reference

－Product structure


Diagram 2 Product Structure

1． 35 mm DIN－rail Installation 4．LED of
7．RS485
11．Analog output

2．Termina block for power supply input signal
8．LED of Dig
10．Analog input
12．Terminal block of digital output

3．Terminal block of digital input PWR Poover－up state
RUN：Light On when PLC is ERR：LED indicator filckers when program errors
occurlifight on when
CPU errors occur）


Diagram 6 FX2NC－28MRMTMMRT Diagram 7 FX2NC－30MRMTMRT Diagram 8 FX2NC－32MRMT／MRT Note： $\boldsymbol{\otimes}$ is the public port of DIAAIAO，and should connect with the negative pole， $\boldsymbol{\nabla}$ is the public port of digital
outputs and should connect with the negative pole Terminal specification：22－14AWG wire
Terminal specification：22－14A．
Pluggable terminals adopted．
COM port definition：
The programming port is RS422，another one or two RS485 ports optional．（2 RS485 ports
can be added to 28 M；
interface：
1．RS232（PLC programming port）；Support Mitsubishi programming port protocol．
2．RS485（AB port）／RS232：suppoort Mitsubishi programming port protocol，Mitsub
2．RS485（AB port）／RS232：suppport Mitsubishi programming port protocol，Mitsubishi serial protocol，Modbus（ Modbus RTU／ASCII parameters are set in D8120，station number
is set in D8121，can be used as master or slave． is set in D8121，can be used as master or slave．
3．RS455（A1 B1 port）：support Mitsubish programming port protocol and Modbus（Modbus RTU／ASCII parameters are set in D8160，station number is set in D8161，normally only
be used as slave be used as slave

Two Rs485 ports which support Modbus master station can be special customized．

Diagram 9 PLC programming por

Diagram 10 optional RS485
Pin definition of programming port

| Pin number | Signal | Discription |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | RXD- | Receive - |
| 2 | RXD | Receive + |
| 3 | GND | Ground |
| 4 | TXD- | Transmit - |
| 5 | +5 V | Exxernal power supply +5 VV |
| 6 | CCS | Direction control wire |
| 7 | TXD + | Transmit + |
| 8 | NC | Not conected |

## Equivalent Circuit

There is a power supply (DC24V) inside the PLC to test the situation of the switch. The end user only need to put in the dry contact. OC output connected. signal is needed if output signals of active crystal sensor should be.
 approach switch of the input
device with parallel resistance.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Diagram } 11 \begin{array}{c}
\text { Two-wire } \\
\text { Input Wiring }
\end{array}
\end{gathered}
$$

Diagram 12 is an equivalent circcuit diagram of relay output. There are several groups of input terminals, each group is electrical isolation and the output electric shock of different groups should be connected with different power circuit.

Please choose proper insurance for each load to out the output unit
and the plate wires of the plo due to the load circuit and other problems.


Diagram 12 Equivalent Circuit of Relay Output
Please choose proper insurance for each load to avoid burning out the output
unit and the plate wires of the plc due to the load circuit and other problems.


Diagram 13 Equivalent Circuit of Transistor Output
Diagram 13 is an equivalent circuit diagram of transistor output. As the diagram shows, There are several groups of input terminals, each group is electrical isolation and the output electric
shock of different group should be connected with different power circuit. The output of transistors can be only used for load circuit with DC24V.
As for inductive load connected with AC

As for inductive load connected with AC circuits, $R C$ instantaneous voltage absorbing circuit
ould be considered as outside circuit As for inductive load should be considered as outside circuit. As for inductive load connected with DC circuits,
free-wheeling diode should be added, shown as diagram 14

Wiring diagram of stepping motor or serve motor is shown as diagram 12. DC 24 V of 5 V Driver must be used together with 22 K 2 resistance.
4 pulses are Y0 Y1 Y6 Y7, customized pulses are Y0 Y1 Y6 Y7 Y10.


Analog wiring
wo-wire: the power supply's positive pole is connect with the transmitter's. positive pole. The
transmitter's negative pole is connect with AD, the power supply's negative pole is
 Connect with GND, generally as the wiring of 4-20mA $10-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ transmitter.
Three-wire: the power supply's positive pole is connect with the transmitter's positive power supppl's's negative pole and the signal output cathode are the same terminal.
The transmitter output is connect with AD. our-wire: the positive and negative poles of the power supply are connect with the transmitter's
positive and negative poles separately. The positive and negative poles of transmitte osotitive and negative poles separately. The positive and negative poles of transmitter
output are conect with ADD and GND separately. When the analago is temperature, two wires should be co
As for three- wire PT100, it should be merged into two-wire.
Anti-interface processing
ground. When there is a strong current, please add a circular on the power port. Besides, proper ground. When there is a strong current, please add a circular on the power port. Besides, prop When there is a interface, 104 ceramic chip can be added and effective grounding should be

## Programming Reference

## Devices distribution and statement of power-down save

|  |  | FX2NC-12M |  |  |  | EX2NC-30M | FX2NC-32M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input |  | X00-X05 6points | X00-X07 8points $\times$ | x00-x13 12points | x00-X15 44points | X00-X17 16points | x00-X17 16points |
| Oution |  | Y00-Y05 6points | Y00-Y07 8points | Yoo-Y13 12poins | Y00-Y15 14points | Y00-Y15 4points | Y00-Y17 16points |
| xiii | y | M [M0~M499] 500points general |  | 35] 1036points Holding |  | \| M8000-M8255 256 |  |
| State |  | [S0-S499] 500points general |  | [ [500-S999] 500points holding |  |  |  |
| Timer |  | T0~T199 200points 100 ms general |  | ${ }^{\substack{\text { a }}}$ | ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |
| Counter C |  | 16 bit up counter |  | tup counter |  | High-speed counter |  |
|  |  | Ca-c:99090pminis gene |  |  | C224 | [C235~C255] 5point holding |  |
| Data register D,V,Z |  | Dorolve 2mpinit gene |  |  |  | , |  |
| Nested pointer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | K | 16bit -32,768-32,767 |  |  | 32bit -2,147,483,648-2,147,483, |  |  |
|  | H | 16 bit 0~FFFFH |  |  | 32bit 0~FFFFFFFFH |  |  |

## Analog Register

FX2NC-12M-2AD2DA

| AD | Register Value | Magnififeation <br> (units <br> (unts <br> miliil) | Size correction | Cycle setting <br> of andiling <br> sampling |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ADO-AD1 | D8030-D8031 | D8040-D8041 | D8070-D8071 | D8050-D8051 |
| Cold end | D8038 | D8048 | D8078 |  |
| Note: D8038 is the cold end of thermocouple. K-type set $88049=1$ |  |  |  |  |

Note: D8038 is the cold end of thermocouple. K-type set D8049=1.
FX2NC-24M-4AD2DA

| AD | Register Value | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Magnification } \\ & \text { Cunfection } \\ & \text { (units: milii) } \end{aligned}$ | Size correction | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cycle estting } \\ \text { of annlig } \\ \text { sampling } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ADO-AD3 | D8 | D8040-D8043 | D8070-D | D8050-D8053 |
| Cold End | D8038 | D8048 | D8078 |  |
| Note: D8038 is the cold end of thermocouple. K-type set D8049=1. |  |  |  |  |

Analog Output(DA):
FX2NC-12/24M-4AD2DA

| DA | AO register | Set Value | Current/Voltage | Resolution | Start Contact |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DAO-DA1 | D8080-D8081 | $0-1000$ | $0-10 \mathrm{~V} / 0-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $10 \mathrm{mV} / 0.02 \mathrm{~mA}$ | M8880 be driven ON |

The defauted data of the circle setting of analog sampling is 32 , the mix can be set as 1 .
The power-down save of FX2NC's devices is permanent retention $N$ all the devices The power-down save of FX 2 NC 's devices is permanent retention. Namely, all the devices of
the holding section won't ose while the module is power off. Chargeable batteries are used for the
real-time clock to ensure that the clock is presenting the reai time All the powe-din real-time clock to ensure that the clock is presenting the real time. All the power-down save
function should ensure that the voltage of the power supply (DC24V) should above 23 vad function should ensure that the voltage of the power supply (DC24V) should above $23 V$ and the
power on time of PLC should above 2 mins, or there will be an error with the function of power ont
power-down save
Programming Sottware:
Compatible with MTS
Compatible with MITSUBISHI GX8. 52 and WORKS
etailed materials please refé to:
<FX2NC PLC User Manual><MITSUBIIHHI FX Series Programming Manual>

